#### **MERCHANT MARINE ACADEMY OF MACEDONIA**

#### SCHOOL OF ENGINEERS

Course: Maritime English Academic year: 2022 – 2023 Exam period: June 2023 Semester: B Date: 13/6/23 Name: Student number: Instructors: M. Tsompanoglou, E. Xenitidou, A.Birbili

#### FINAL TEST

Exercise 1. (13 p.) There are two extra words. Complete the following sentences about diesel engines choosing from the words given below.

gudgeon pin, camshaft, connecting rod, piston rod, piston skirt, valve seats, ports, push rod, inlet, exhaust, rotating, internal, external, reciprocating, crankcase

-- The ..... operates the valves with the help of the .....

-- The ..... reciprocates in the stuffing box.

-- The crankshaft rotates in the .....

--The lower part of the piston is the .....

-- In a 4-stroke Diesel Engine the piston is connected to the connecting rod with the .....

-- The ..... are housed on the cylinder head.

-- In a 2-stroke Diesel Engine the piston rod is connected to the ..... with the crosshead pin.

-- The conventional 2-stroke Diesel Engine does not have an ...... valve. It has scavenge ...........

-- The movement of the crankshaft is ....., while the movement of the piston is .....

-- Diesel Engines are .....-combustion engines.

#### Exercise 2. (15 p.)

## Complete the following description of a 4-stroke diesel engine using an appropriate word. The 1<sup>st</sup> letter is given.

During the s..... stroke, the inlet valve is open and the piston is moving downwards.

Air is drawn into the cylinder, and when the piston reaches the **B**....., the inlet valve closes.

In the **c**.....stroke, the piston is moving upwards and pushes the air. Both **p**..... and **t**.... rise.

All valves are closed, and when the piston is almost at the T....., the fuel is sprayed into the cylinder by

the fuel **i**..... valve. It is self-ignited because of high temperatures.

In the third stroke, which is the c..... stroke, the gases push the piston down. This is also called the p..... stroke.

Finally, in the **e**.....stroke, the piston is moving upwards and the combustion gases are driven out through the outlet valve.

## Exercise 3. (12 p.) Fill in the gaps with an appropriate term of boilers. There are two extra words.

## oil burners, steam drum, attemperator, fire-tube, water-tube, water drum, atomizer, feed check valve, salinometer, drain valve, economizer, safety valve, furnace, soot

-- The ..... is a part of the oil burner that sprays the fuel.

-- The ..... blower removes the impure black carbon particles from the boiler tubes.

-- The ..... is the place where air and fuel mix and burn.

-- The ..... supply the fuel oil and air to the furnace.

-- The ..... is used to heat feed water before it goes into the steam boiler.

-- The ...... serves as a reservoir of water, and the ..... holds some of the boiling water, but mainly serves as a storage space for steam.

- -- The ..... reduces the temperature of the superheated steam.
- -- The ..... releases any excess steam from the boiler.
- -- The ..... controls the final entry of water into the boiler
- -- The ..... measures the salinity of water.

-- The Scotch boiler is a type of ..... boiler.

## Exercise 4. (15 p.)

## Underline the correct choice of the following sentences.

- -- The steam which is collected in the steam drum of the boiler is dry/superheated/saturated
- -- A single acting ram pump is a displacement reciprocating/rotary/ regenerative pump.
- -- The oil gets rid of water and other harmful substances in a/an condenser/ purifier/evaporator
- -- The turbine **nozzles/stators/bearings** support the weight of the rotor.

-- When the temperature of the steam falls below permissible limits, evaporation/ condensation/ concentration takes place.

-- The upper rings of the piston are the compression/oil scraping/ fire rings.

- -- The upper part of the piston is the piston **crown/skirt/seat**.
- -- In the condenser/ economizer/ deaerator, the boiler feed water gets rid of oxygen and other gases.

-- The LP turbine/HP turbine/high pressure line is larger due to the extension/ expansion/ exhaust of steam.

-- The steam drum/ main stop valve/ feed check valve controls the passage of the steam to the turbine.

--There are two types of steam engines: the reciprocating steam engines, and the steam **turbines/ rotors/ vanes**.

-- In the reaction turbine the steam passes first through the **stationary**/**reciprocating**/**rotating** blades, where it **condenses** / **expands**/ **decreases**, and with increased speed enters the **stationary**/ **reciprocating**/ **rotating** blades and turns the rotor.

#### Exercise 5. (10 p.)

#### Match the following auxiliary machinery to their functions.

## heater, fin stabilizers, incinerator, generator, pump, crane, windlass, evaporator, launching gear, steering gear

- -- It is used to increase the temperature of fuel and improve its viscosity: .....
- -- It is used to burn garbage: .....
- -- It is used to lift heavy objects, containers, e.t.c:
- -- It is used to lower lifeboats to the sea: .....
- -- It is used to transfer liquids from one place to another: .....
- -- They are used to reduce the rolling of the ship: .....
- -- It is used to handle the anchor: .....
- -- It is used to produce distilled water: .....
- -- It is used to manoeuvre the ship: .....
- -- It supplies the ship with electrical power and lighting: .....

### Exercise 6. (10 p.) Match the following words with their synonyms below.

# malfunction, condenser, port, desuperheater, stationary, combustion, saturated, charge, circulate, impulse

- -- filled with moisture:
- -- be in motion, move around:
- -- fill up with air:
- -- action:
- -- an apparatus that changes steam into water by cooling it:
- -- apparatus which decreases the temperature:
- -- burning:
- -- a hole in the cylinder liner:
- -- irregular or abnormal operation:
- -- fixed, not in motion:

## Exercise 7. (10 p.) Complete the following text on pumps with the words given.

### rotary, vanes, displacement, impeller, discharge, reciprocating, casing, multistage, screws, centrifugal

There are two main groups of pumps: the \_\_\_\_\_\_ pumps and the \_\_\_\_\_\_ pumps. The 1<sup>st</sup> group is subdivided into \_\_\_\_\_\_ pumps, in which a piston moves up and down, and \_\_\_\_\_\_ pumps in which the moving part rotates. The rotating parts can be gears, \_\_\_\_\_\_, lobes, \_\_\_\_\_\_, etc. The centrifugal pump, on the other hand, consists of an/a \_\_\_\_\_\_ which rotates at high speed inside the pump \_\_\_\_\_\_. With centrifugal \_\_\_\_\_\_. With centrifugal \_\_\_\_\_\_.

## Exercise 8. (15 p.) Complete the following diagram with the correct terms.



1	6
2	7
3	8
4	9
5	10